## One-step Multiplication Problems Using Strip Diagrams Independent Practice Worksheet

Name:	Date:	/	/	

## **Instruction**

Let's use a strip diagram to help solve this multiplication problem.

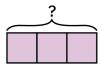
Sarah has 3 bags of apples. Each bag has 7 apples.

How many apples does she have all together?

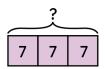
There are 3 bags of 7 apples, which means there are 3 equal groups of 7. So, multiply 3 times 7 to find the total.

$$3 \times 7 = ?$$

To show the 3 groups using a strip diagram, draw a rectangle, or strip, for each group.



Since each group has 7 apples in it, write a 7 in each part.



Add 7 three times to get the total amount, 7 + 7 + 7 = 21.

So,  $3 \times 7 = 21$ .

Sarah has **21 apples** all together.

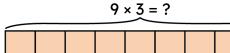
## **Practice**

1. Tom puts some stickers on his folder. He places the stickers in 9 equal rows with 3 stickers in each row.

How many stickers does Tom put on his folder?

There are 9 equal groups of 3, so multiply 9 times 3 to find the total.

Complete this strip diagram to model  $9 \times 3$ .



Tom puts \_\_\_\_\_ stickers on his folder.

2. Maria buys 6 packs of pencils. Each pack has 12 pencils.

How many pencils did Maria buy in total?

Use this strip diagram to help find the total.



Maria buys \_\_\_\_\_ pencils.

3. Alex separates his baseball cards into equal piles. He has 8 piles with 9 cards in each pile. How many baseball cards does he have in all? Draw a strip diagram to find the total. Alex has \_\_\_\_\_ baseball cards. 4. Mrs. Arno has 15 boxes of crayons. Each box contains 5 crayons. How many crayons does Mrs. Arno have all together? Draw a strip diagram to find the total. Mrs. Arno has \_\_\_\_\_ crayons all together.